

# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Divertor concepts in fusion devices</b>	<b>7</b>
2.1	Magnetic confinement concepts . . . . .	8
2.1.1	Tokamak . . . . .	8
2.1.2	Stellarator . . . . .	11
2.2	Plasma edge control . . . . .	12
2.2.1	Limiter . . . . .	13
2.2.2	Poloidal divertor . . . . .	14
2.2.3	Ergodic divertor . . . . .	16
2.2.4	Island and helical divertor . . . . .	19
2.3	Plasma surface interaction and plasma edge transport . . . . .	23
2.3.1	Hydrogen recycling . . . . .	24
2.3.2	The scrape-off layer . . . . .	27
2.3.3	Attached conditions . . . . .	28
2.3.4	Detached conditions . . . . .	31
2.4	Plasma edge transport modelling . . . . .	31
<b>3</b>	<b>The experimental setup</b>	<b>35</b>
3.1	The tokamak TEXTOR . . . . .	35
3.2	The limiter configuration . . . . .	36
3.3	The helical divertor configuration . . . . .	38
3.3.1	The technical setup of the dynamic ergodic divertor . . . . .	38
3.3.2	The magnetic topology of the helical divertor . . . . .	40
3.3.3	Particle recycling and transport in the helical divertor . . . . .	46
<b>4</b>	<b>Diagnostic methods to characterise the plasma edge</b>	<b>51</b>
4.1	Passive optical emission spectroscopy . . . . .	51
4.1.1	Equilibrium and population models . . . . .	52
4.1.2	Emission of spectral lines . . . . .	55
4.1.3	Penetration depths . . . . .	56
4.1.4	Deduction of particle fluxes . . . . .	59
4.2	Langmuir probes . . . . .	63
4.3	Atomic beams . . . . .	64

<b>5 Spectroscopic camera observation system</b>	<b>67</b>
5.1 Diagnostic setup . . . . .	68
5.1.1 Line-of-sight and observation angle . . . . .	69
5.1.2 Optical setup . . . . .	70
5.1.3 Detection system . . . . .	72
5.2 Radiometric calibration of the observation system . . . . .	75
5.3 Transformation between image and object space . . . . .	79
5.3.1 Tangential line of sight . . . . .	80
5.3.2 Oblique line of sight . . . . .	84
5.4 Measurement uncertainties . . . . .	85
<b>6 The hydrogen recycling in the low density regime</b>	<b>89</b>
6.1 Plasma parameters at the edge . . . . .	89
6.2 Photon emission at the target plates . . . . .	92
6.2.1 Poloidal and radial distribution . . . . .	94
6.2.2 Poloidal and toroidal distribution . . . . .	96
6.3 Penetration depths of atomic and molecular hydrogen . . . . .	97
6.3.1 Simple estimations . . . . .	98
6.3.2 Molecular hydrogen . . . . .	99
6.3.3 Atomic hydrogen . . . . .	102
6.4 Plasma source distribution . . . . .	105
6.5 Neutral hydrogen source distribution . . . . .	108
6.6 Global recycling flux . . . . .	115
<b>7 Characterisation of the high density regimes</b>	<b>117</b>
7.1 Plasma parameters . . . . .	118
7.1.1 Upstream plasma parameters . . . . .	118
7.1.2 Downstream plasma parameters . . . . .	119
7.2 Balmer photon emission . . . . .	123
7.2.1 Poloidal and radial distribution . . . . .	124
7.2.2 Radially integrated photon emission . . . . .	126
7.2.3 Balmer line ratios . . . . .	131
7.3 Penetration depth of atomic hydrogen . . . . .	135
7.4 Plasma source distribution . . . . .	138
7.5 Recycling flux . . . . .	142
7.6 Heat flux . . . . .	146
<b>8 Discussion and Conclusion</b>	<b>149</b>
8.1 Magnetic field calculations and plasma structures . . . . .	149
8.2 High density operation . . . . .	151
8.3 Operational limit . . . . .	156
<b>9 Summary</b>	<b>159</b>

<b>References</b>	<b>170</b>
<b>Danksagung</b>	<b>171</b>